

Preface

This publication is published as a result of the fourth biannual conference *The Future of Information Sciences – INFUTURE 2013: Information Governance*, organized by the Department of Information and Communication Sciences, Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, University of Zagreb and this time, under the high auspices of the President of the Republic of Croatia and with the support of the Mayor of the City of Zagreb.

Information sciences, as an interdisciplinary field, have developed at the intersection of computer sciences, information processing, technology, philosophy and organization, respecting scientific findings, practical implementations, management logic, computer formalities, market and industry demands.

Information governance, as part of information sciences, focuses on the right information in the right context, logically interconnected, stored, retrieved and implemented, but is also realised through the strategic aspect in the modern archival practice, bringing various benefits as well as risks.

Results of the research in the section *keynote papers* address broad issues of global digital infrastructure for archival access supported by digital curation and semantic web, cloud computing environment and related recordkeeping and archiving benefits and risks as well as connection and influence between machine translation and translation studies.

The section *theory and methodology of information governance* deals with the domain specific records management, international standard descriptions, best practices, human role in project management, digital records in an increasingly networked society, various domain-specific information systems.

The topic *knowledge management* elaborates on classification system using public opinion, use of social services and their side effects and social lean thinking through social business environment.

Various *applications* have been presented for *e-society and e-government* ranging from remote access to statistical microdata, electronic signatures, digital rights management in the mobile application market and music industry.

The topic of *language technologies* is oriented to terminology extraction, use of machine translation systems and cross-language information retrieval.

The topic of *digital curation* deals with crowdsourcing the digital cultural heritage in museums and galleries and digital curation and preservation of the online exhibits.

In the section related to *new challenges in interdisciplinary education*, several researches have been presented relating to computer-based assistive technologies in education for students with disabilities, presentation of social sciences and humanities in media, map of various competences, lifespan of web references, role of information technology in the social role of film, interactive ap-

plication for Latin language learning, and aspect of e-learning and ICT education for elderly.

The presented topics reveal interest for applications used by broad population, for interdisciplinary education, strategic harmonization with the European policies, business ethics and national goals, for integration into multilingual society preserving the heritage properly, for knowledge organization and information management. We believe that the results of the research will help us find new ways of building information resources and e-services which would contribute to better information governance in the world overcrowded with information.

Editorial Board